CHAPTER 1

LESSON 3

# The African middle class is shaking up market dynamics but has not closed the debate on growth patterns

## Context: Emergence of an African middle-class

- The emergence of middle-classes: a new driver of economic growth in Africa
- Results from a growing demographic dividend, population densification and the urbanization process





Represents **business opportunities for African** entrepreneurs in various industries (local food production, education, health services, construction, modern mass retail, financial services, information technology, etc.) Drives an **increasing movement of international investment flows** toward the consumer sectors of the African economy

# The demographic explosion should not mask the other aspects of African growth

1

#### Keep in mind the risks linked to the macroeconomic instability in Africa

- → An instability illustrated by the recent Ghanaian crisis and the financial collapse of the oil-producing countries and here to stay >See lesson 1
- → Some countries are struggling to enter their demographic transition

#### Phere is a less discussed feature of African growth: the increasing attempts by African investors and entrepreneurs to upgrade channel exports

→ Affect first and foremost agribusiness production (coffee, cocoa, fruits and vegetables)

There is also an ever-increasing dynamism due to the relocation of Chinese factories

- → A long-term phenomenon, explained both by the burgeoning working force in Africa and the structural changes occurring in the Chinese economy
- → Especially in East Africa, but also in other countries that have developed dynamic Asian-style manufacturing export sectors, such as Mauritius and Madagascar

### **Key Learnings**

- The demographic explosion that the continent is currently experiencing generates both countless market opportunities and a productive workforce which is repositioning Africa in international trade.
- If investing in this demographic trend will surely be beneficial in the long run, Africa's macroeconomic volatility requires general precaution, common sense and avoidance of any excess optimism.
- The growing investment opportunities in manufacturing and agribusiness sectors, offered by the world market and domestic public policies should also be considered

To read more: www.ietp.com en/fifteen-lessons-africa

